

مَبَّ وَفَّ | ثَذَّظَ | تَذَطَّ | زَسَّصَ | لَنَرَ | جَشَى | ضَذَّقَ | ءَهَّعَ | عَخَّخَ | ا

Lesson 11

خ غ

مخرج خ، غ : 'Āain', 'Khaa' are uttered from the upper portion of the throat. The upwards pointing arrow also signifies this. It tells you that they have to be articulated with a voiced sound.

ح، ع، ه، هاء are uttered in low sound but the Ghain and Khaa both letters sound will be high.

The full and the short forms of غ Ghain and خ Kha are given in the first line. The same forms with connectors are given below.

خ	خ ↑	غ	غ ↑
خ	خ	غ	غ

خ	خ	خ	خ	خ
غ	غ	غ	غ	غ

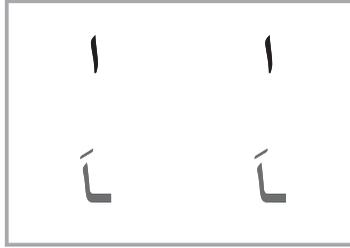
Practice letters from the previous lesson.

س	ش	ث	ن	ب
ل	ك	م	ح	ت
ق	ف	ء	ي	و
ز	ر	ج	ح	ع



Practice

Alif has no short form always written in full length. If Fathah or any other sign or symbol is found on Alif then it becomes hamzah.



Practice the new letters that you learnt in this lesson.

أ	إ	آ	ء	أ
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Practice letters from the previous lesson.

ب	ف	و	م	ب
ط	د	ث	ظ	ت
ن	س	ظ	س	ز
ح	ي	ث	ب	ر
أ	ي	ه	ف	ك
ل	ط	ل	ط	ط