

Lesson-10: فعل ماضٍ: نَصَرَ، خَلَقَ، ذَكَرَ، عَبَدَ

Spoken Arabic

هَلْ نَصَرَ زَيْدًا؟ * نَعَمْ، نَصَرَ زَيْدًا
 هَلْ نَصَرُوا زَيْدًا؟ نَعَمْ، نَصَرُوا زَيْدًا
 هَلْ نَصَرْتَ زَيْدًا؟ نَعَمْ، نَصَرْتُ زَيْدًا
 هَلْ نَصَرْتُمْ زَيْدًا؟ نَعَمْ، نَصَرْنَا زَيْدًا

فعل ماضٍ (ن ص ر)	
He helped	نَصَرَ
They helped	نَصَرُوا
You helped	نَصَرْتَ
I helped	نَصَرْتُ
You all helped	نَصَرْتُمْ
We helped	نَصَرْنَا

* If زَيْدًا comes as the subject then it will be زَيْدٌ, and when it comes as object then it will be زَيْدًا.

Did he help Zaid? هَلْ نَصَرَ زَيْدًا؟ *

Let us make another verb similar to نَصَرَ. After learning the table, practice spoken Arabic sentences keeping in mind that only Allah is the Creator. Also, note that فعل ماضٍ is negated by مَا. Note: شَيْءٌ : thing. Its plural is أَشْيَاءٌ. We have learnt this word in the prayer after Rukoo'.

Spoken Arabic

هَلْ خَلَقَ شَيْئًا؟ * مَا خَلَقَ شَيْئًا
 هَلْ خَلَقُوا شَيْئًا؟ مَا خَلَقُوا شَيْئًا
 هَلْ خَلَقْتَ شَيْئًا؟ مَا خَلَقْتُ شَيْئًا
 هَلْ خَلَقْتُمْ شَيْئًا؟ مَا خَلَقْنَا شَيْئًا

فعل ماضٍ (خ ل ق)	
He created	خَلَقَ
They created	خَلَقُوا
You created	خَلَقْتَ
I created	خَلَقْتُ
You all created	خَلَقْتُمْ
We created	خَلَقْنَا

* If شَيْئًا comes as the subject then it will be شَيْءٌ, and when it comes as object then it will be شَيْئًا.

Did he create anything? هَلْ خَلَقَ شَيْئًا؟

Just like نَصَرَ and خَلَقَ forms written above, you can make different forms of ذَكَرَ (He remembered) and عَبَدَ (He worshipped). That is your homework!

ذَكَرَ ذَكَرُوا ذَكَرْتَ ذَكَرْتُ ذَكَرْتُمْ ذَكَرْنَا
 عَبَدَ عَبَدُوا عَبَدْتَ عَبَدْتُ عَبَدْتُمْ عَبَدْنَا