## رَبُّهُ، رَبُّهُمْ.-- :Lesson-03

GRAMMAR: In the last lessons, you learnt the words for he, they, you, you all, I, and we. In this lesson, we will learn the words for his, their, your, your, my, and our. In Arabic, these are not independent words; they are suffixed to nouns, verbs, or prepositions. We, therefore, learn these forms by attaching them to a noun بن (Lord; Sustainer and cherisher; the One who takes care of us and helps us grow). Please note that these attachments occur in the Qur'an almost 8,000 times, i.e., almost once in every line! They are extremely important. Make sure that you practice them thoroughly using TPI.

���\$Spoken Arabic����		رَب+ (ـهٔ، ـهُمْ،)	
رَبُّهُ اللَّهُ	مَنُ رَبُّهُ؟	His Rabb	رَبُّهُ
رَبُّهُمُ اللهُ	مَنُ رَبُّهُمْ؟	Their Rabb	ۯڹۘ۠ۿؙؠٙ
/	مَنُ رَبُّكَ؟	Your Rabb	رَبُّكَ
مُ رَبِّيَ اللَّهُ		My Rabb	رَبِّي
/	مَنُ رَبُّكُمُ؟	Your Rabb	رَبُّكُمُ
مُ رَبُّنَا اللهُ		Our Rabb	رَبُّنَا

His, their, your,		
His	<b>p</b> ~	
Their	38	
Your	لك	
My	چ	
Your	کُمْ	
Our	ـنَا	

<sup>\*</sup>We have already taken into count the word زَبّ (199 times) in Lesson No. 2a, therefore the remaining words occurred 772 times.

Give special attention to كَ، چَي، كُمْ، نَا (your, mine, your, our).

We can also have: دِيْنِيُ: Your Deen; دِيْنِيُ: My Deen.

Let us now practice spoken Arabic. (4: what)