

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ، اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَالصَّلَاةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى رَسُولِ اللَّهِ، رَبِّ اشْرَحْ لِي صَدْرِي، وَيَسِّرْ لِي اَمْرِي، وَاَحْلِلْ عُقْدَةً مِّنْ لِّسَانِي، يَفْقَهُوا قَوْلِي
السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ

Understand Al-Qur'an

The Easy Way

Course - 5
Grammar
with Page – 16, Pointer – d

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Q. Did you answer the google quiz?

A. Yes

B. No

C. No need

D. Next time inshaAllah

In this lesson...

**First pair
(Preposition + Noun)**



Arabic Grammar is divided into two parts:

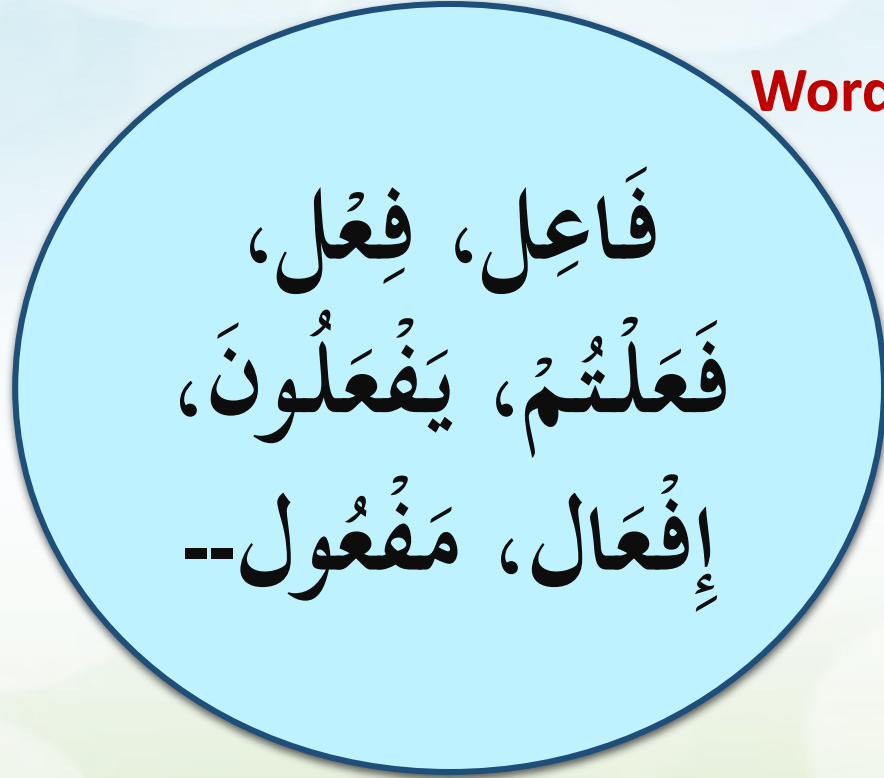
Sarf **صَرْف**

Nahw **نَحْو**

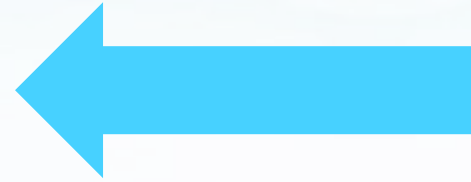
Let us take very simplified definitions

صَرَف

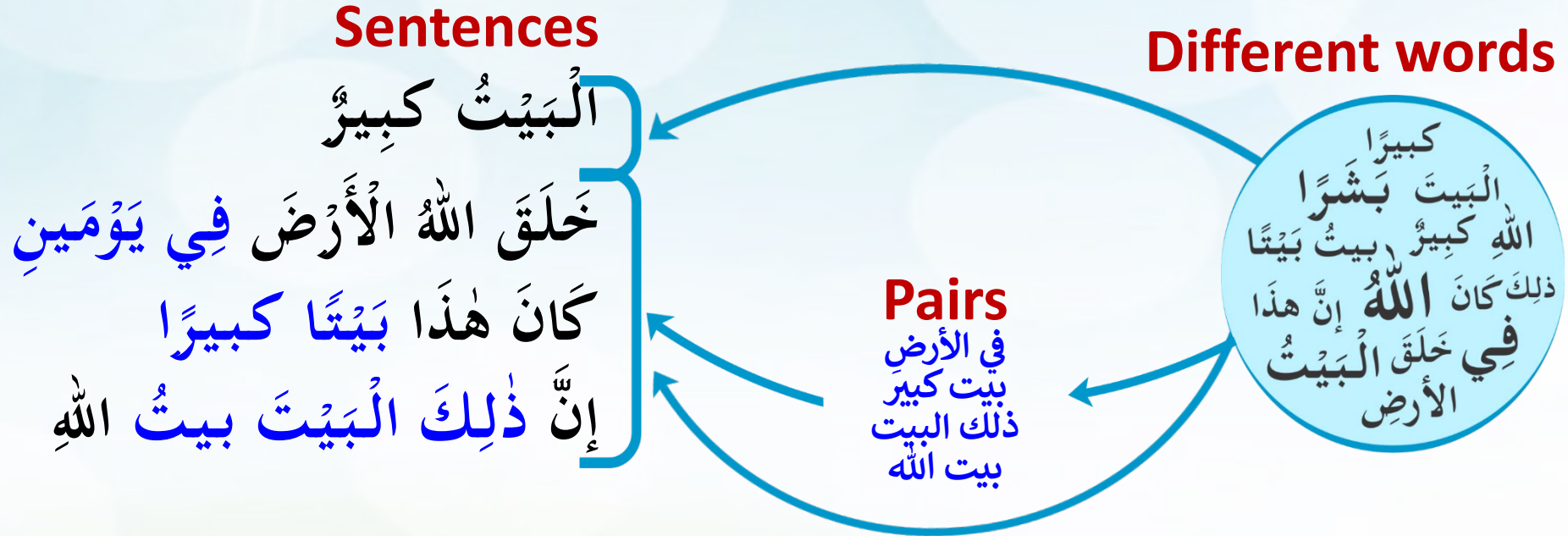
Words



Root letters
of a verb



نَحْو



Nahw deals with the endings of words (إِ، ءِ، وَ، يَنْ) that change according to their position such as subject, object, etc. in a sentence.

Till now we have learnt 4 types of sentences

اللَّهُ غَفُورٌ

1 1

إِسْمِيَّةٌ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ

1

with إِنَّ

كَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا

1 1

with كَانَ

خَلَقَ اللَّهُ الْأَرْضَ

1 1

فِعْلِيَّةٌ



Q. Write four important types of sentences that you have learnt: (select more than one):

A. اِسْمِيَّة

B. فِعْلِيَّة

C. اِنِّ with

D. كَان with

Q. Write four important types of sentences that you have learnt: (select more than one):

A. اِسْمِيَّة

B. فِعْلِيَّة

C. اِنِّ with

D. كَان with

4 Pairs

صفة

How?

بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ
1 1

فِي الْأَرْضِ
1

حرف جرّ

ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتِ
1 1

بَيْتِ اللَّهِ
1

Relation

Whose?

إشارة

Which one?

Q. Example with حرف جر:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with حرف جر:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with إشاره:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with إشاره:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with صِفَة:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with صِفَة:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with showing relation sentence:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Q. Example with showing relation sentence:

A. بَيْتٌ كَبِيرٌ

B. فِي الْأَرْضِ

C. ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتُ

D. بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

In this lesson, we will take the first pair (Preposition + Noun)

لِ، مِنْ، عَنْ، بِ، فِي، عَلَى، إِلَى، ---

the noun after it will be in Jarr state (ـِ ـٍ ـِيـن)

فِي الْأَرْضِ

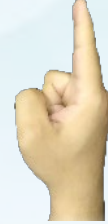
Examples for Jarr state

in Jarr state		Prepositions
	بِاللَّهِ	
	فِي الْأَرْضِ	
	لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ	
	مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ	



Practice with TPI!

مُسْلِمٌ



Original state
(state of رفع)

مُسْلِمًا



When it is affected
(state of نصب)

مُسْلِمٍ



After جر
(state of رفع)

If you have لِ + a general noun (لِ - :)

لِمُسْلِمٍ

مُسْلِمٍ

لِمُؤْمِنٍ

مُؤْمِنٍ

لِصَّالِحٍ

صَّالِحٍ

لِنَاصِرٍ

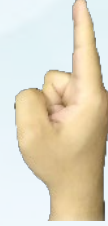
نَاصِرٍ

لِ +

Definite / Specific– with اَلْ

Practice with TPI!

اَلْمُسْلِمُ



Original state
(state of رفع)

اَلْمُسْلِمَ



When it is affected
(state of نصب)

اَلْمُسْلِمِ



After جر
(state of رفع)

If you have لِ + a specific noun (الْـ ...)

لِلْمُسْلِمِ الْمُسْلِمِ
لِلْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ
لِلصَّالِحِ الصَّالِحِ
لِلنَّاصِرِ النَّاصِرِ

لِ +

If you have اللهُ after a preposition

بِاللَّهِ	بِ
لِلَّهِ	لِ
مِنَ اللَّهِ	مِنْ
فِي اللَّهِ	فِي
إِلَى اللَّهِ	إِلَى
عَلَى اللَّهِ	عَلَى

Q. How can you describe إِشَارَةٌ?

A. by "how?"

B. by "which one?"

C. by "whose?"

D. by "what?"

Q. How can you describe إِشَارَةٌ?

A. by "how?"

B. by "which one?"

C. by "whose?"

D. by "what?"

Q. How can you describe showing relation?

A. by "how?"

B. by "which one?"

C. by "whose?"

D. by "what?"

Q. How can you describe showing relation?

A. by "how?"

B. by "which one?"

C. by "whose?"

D. by "what?"

Q. How can you describe **صفة?**

A. by "how?"

B. by "which one?"

C. by "whose?"

D. by "what?"

Q. How can you describe **صفة?**

A. by "how?"

B. by "which one?"

C. by "whose?"

D. by "what?"

Q. Translate: يَدْعُونَ إِلَى الْخَيْرِ

A. We call towards good

B. They call towards good

C. You call towards good

D. He calls towards good

Q. Translate: يَدْعُونَ إِلَى الْخَيْرِ

A. We call towards good

B. They call towards good

C. You call towards good

D. He calls towards good

Q. Translate: فَلَكُمْ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ

A. So for us is great reward

B. So for them is great reward

C. So for you all is great reward

D. So for him is great reward

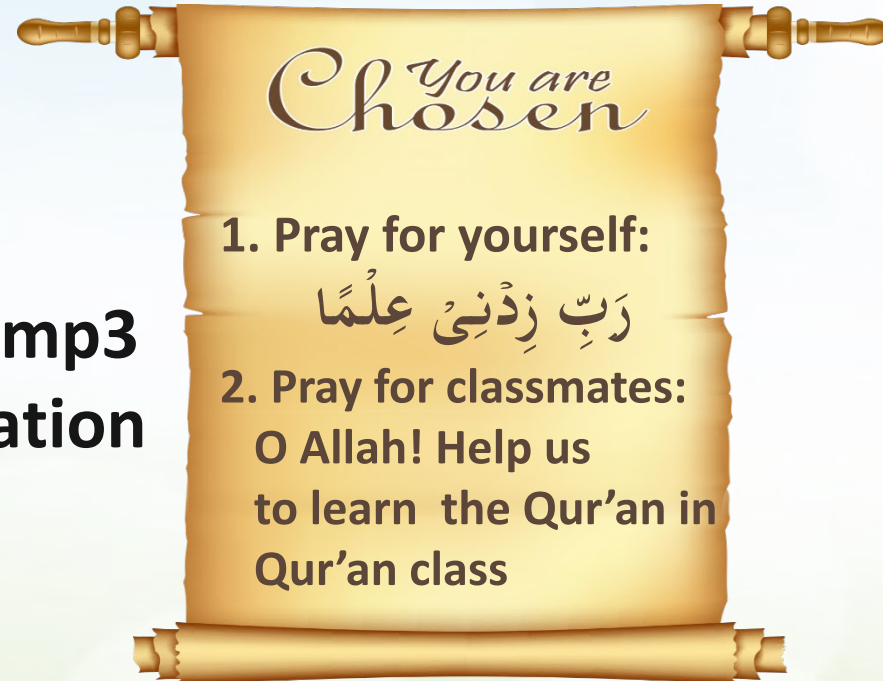
Q. Translate: فَلَكُمْ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ

- A. So for us is great reward
- B. So for them is great reward
- C. So for you all is great reward**
- D. So for him is great reward



7 Types of Homework

- 2 on Tilawat (5 min from Mushaf; 5 min from memory)
- 2 on Study (book; Vocab pocketbook)
- Listen to 1–hour concise mp3 on word-for-word translation and grammar
- Talk about the course
- Recite different Surahs in Salah





Learn from videos!

- If you do not watch the videos continuously, then it is effective to learn that gather your 2, 3, or 10 friends and watch the video together.
- Whenever I say **عَلِّم** (teach), pause the video and practice.



Otherwise get 1 to 1 classes

- Expert teachers are available on our website.
- Learn with your whole family or teach your kids.

www.understandquran.com



It's better that Be a teacher!

- The best way to learn is to teach!
- Download the ppts and start teaching!

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Get teacher training

- Teachers Training and material available at

www.understandquran.com

May Allah help us to

- **Recite,**
 - **understand,**
 - **Ponder,**
 - **Implement,**
 - **propagate, &**
 - **memorize**
- the Qur'an.**

سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ
نَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ
نَسْتَغْفِرُكَ وَنَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ

