

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ، اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَالصَّلَاةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى رَسُولِ اللَّهِ، رَبِّ اشْرَحْ لِي صَدْرِي، وَيَسِّرْ لِي اَمْرِي، وَاَحْلِلْ عُقْدَةً مِّنْ لِّسَانِي، يَفْقَهُوا قَوْلِي
السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ

Understand Al-Qur'an

The Easy Way

Course - 5
Grammar
with Page – 17, Pointer – c

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Q. Did you study the lesson?

A. 100

B. more than 50%

C. more than 25%

D. Next time inshaAllah

In this lesson we will learn

رَفْع، نَصْب، جَرّ

for plural nouns



Arabic Grammar is divided into two parts:

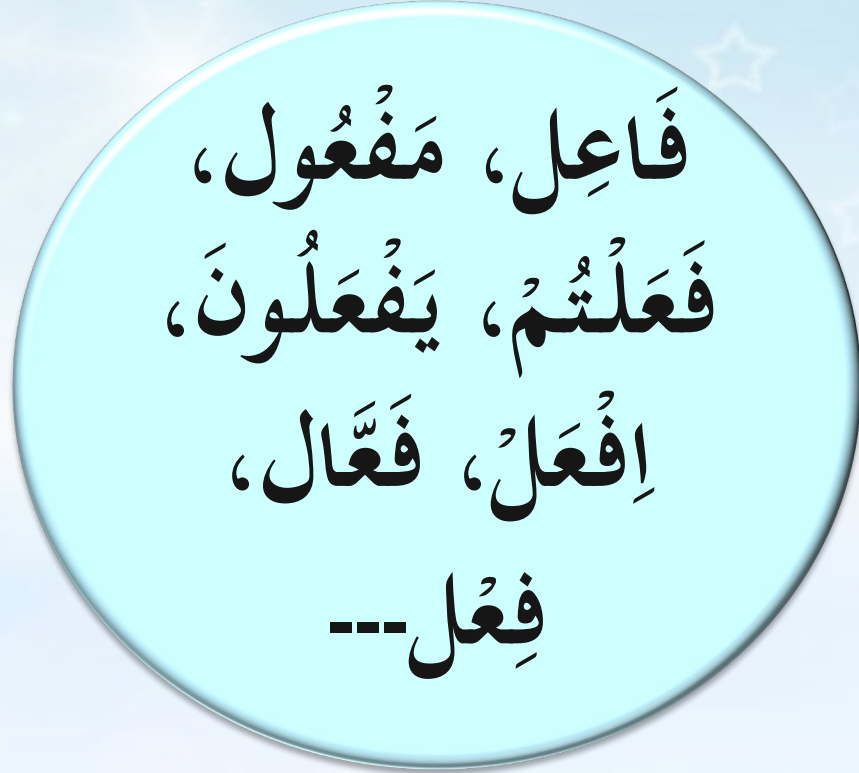
Sarf **صَرْف**

Nahw **نَحْو**

Let us take very simplified definitions

صرف

Words



Root letters
of a verb



نَحْو

Sentences

الْبَيْتُ كَبِيرٌ
خَلَقَ اللَّهُ الْأَرْضَ فِي يَوْمَيْنِ
كَانَ هَذَا بَيْتًا كَبِيرًا
إِنَّ ذَلِكَ الْبَيْتَ بَيْتُ اللَّهِ

Different words

كَبِيرًا
الْبَيْتَ بَشْرًا
اللَّهُ كَبِيرٌ بَيْتُ بَيْتًا
ذَلِكَ كَانَ اللَّهُ إِنَّ هَذَا
فِي خَلَقَ الْبَيْتُ
الْأَرْضِ

Pairs

في الأرض
بيت كبير
ذلك البيت
بيت الله

Nahw deals with the endings of words (يُنْ، وَنُ، ءِ، ءِ) that change according to their position such as subject, object, etc. in a sentence.



Till now we have learnt 4 types of sentences

اللَّهُ غَفُورٌ

1 1

إِسْمِيَّةٌ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ

1

with إِنَّ

كَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا

1 1

with كَانَ

خَلَقَ اللَّهُ الْأَرْضَ

1 1

فِعْلِيَّةٌ



**In previous lesson we took
sentences that have رفع نصب جر
for singular nouns.**

Definite / Specific– with اَلْ

Practice with TPI!

اَلْمُسْلِمُ



Original state
(Raf' state)

اَلْمُسْلِمَ



When it is affected
(Nasb state)

اَلْمُسْلِمِ



After preposition
(Jarr state)



Translate the following:
(Keep the verb & subject together during practice)

The Muslim came. جَاءَ الْمُسْلِمُ

Zaid saw the Muslim. رَأَى زَيْدٌ الْمُسْلِمَ

Zaid heard from the Muslim. سَمِعَ زَيْدٌ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِ



Q. What is the sign of رَفْعُ؟

A. Dhamma (Pesh)

B. Fathah (Zabar)

C. Kasrah (Zer)

D. Double Zabar

Q. What is the sign of رَفَعُ?

A. Dhamma (Pesh)

B. Fathah (Zabar)

C. Kasrah (Zer)

D. Double Zabar

Q. What is the sign of ڙ?

A. Dhamma (Pesh)

B. Fathah (Zabar)

C. Kasrah (Zer)

D. Double Zabar

Q. What is the sign of ڙ?

A. Dhamma (Pesh)

B. Fathah (Zabar)

C. Kasrah (Zer)

D. Double Zabar

Q. What is the sign of نصب?

A. Dhamma (Pesh)

B. Fathah (Zabar)

C. Kasrah (Zer)

D. Double Zabar

Q. What is the sign of نصب?

A. Dhamma (Pesh)

B. Fathah (Zabar)

C. Kasrah (Zer)

D. Double Zabar

**In today's lesson we will take
sentences that have رفع نصب جر
for plural nouns.**

Definite / Specific– with اَنَّ

Practice with TPI!

	مُسْلِمُونَ	مُسْلِمٌ		Original state (Raf' state)
	مُسْلِمِينَ	مُسْلِمًا		When it is affected (Nasb state)
	مُسْلِمِينَ	مُسْلِمٍ		After preposition (Jarr state)



Translate the following:

Muslims came. جَاءَ مُسْلِمُونَ

Zaid saw Muslims. رَأَى زَيْدٌ مُسْلِمِينَ

Zaid heard from Muslims. سَمِعَ زَيْدٌ مِنْ مُسْلِمِينَ



Definite / Specific– with اَنَّ

Practice with TPI!

	اَلْمُسْلِمُوْنَ	اَلْمُسْلِمِ		Original state (Raf' state)
	اَلْمُسْلِمِيْنَ	اَلْمُسْلِمِ		When it is affected (Nasb state)
	اَلْمُسْلِمِيْنَ	اَلْمُسْلِمِ		After preposition (Jarr state)



Translate the following:

The Muslims came. جَاءَ الْمُسْلِمُونَ

Zaid saw the Muslims. رَأَى زَيْدٌ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

Zaid heard from the Muslims. سَمِعَ زَيْدٌ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ



Q. Example of رفع state of Plural noun:

A. جَاءَ صَادِقِينَ

B. جَاءَ صَادِقُونَ

C. رَأَيْتُ صَادِقِينَ

D. سَمِعْتُ مِنْ صَادِقِينَ

Q. Example of رفع state of Plural noun:

A. جَاءَ صَادِقِينَ

B. جَاءَ صَادِقُونَ

C. رَأَيْتُ صَادِقِينَ

D. سَمِعْتُ مِنْ صَادِقِينَ

Q. Example of جر state of Plural noun:

A. سَمِعْتُ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

B. سَمِعْتُ مِنَ الشَّاكِرُونَ

C. جَاءَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

D. جَاءَ الشَّاكِرُونَ

Q. Example of جر state of Plural noun:

A. سَمِعْتُ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

B. سَمِعْتُ مِنَ الشَّاكِرُونَ

C. جَاءَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

D. جَاءَ الشَّاكِرُونَ

Q. Example of نصب state of Plural noun:

A. رَأَيْتُ الْمُسْلِمُونَ

B. رَأَيْتُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

C. جَاءَ الْمُسْلِمُونَ

D. جَاءَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

Q. Example of نصب state of Plural noun:

A. رَأَيْتُ الْمُسْلِمُونَ

B. رَأَيْتُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

C. جَاءَ الْمُسْلِمُونَ

D. جَاءَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

Examples from the Quran

(Keep the verb & subject together during practice)

قَالَ الظَّالِمُونَ

The wrongdoers said

يَقُولُ الْكَافِرُونَ

The disbelievers say

يَفْرَحُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

The believers rejoice



We will translate verb and subject together

Examples from the Quran

(Keep the verb & subject together during practice)

يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ الظَّالِمِينَ

the wrongdoers

Allah sends astray

سَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ

the grateful ones

Allah will soon reward

كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ

the messengers

Thamud denied



We will translate verb and subject together

Examples from the Quran

(Keep the object separate during practice)

لَا يُحِبُّ الْكَافِرِينَ

the disbelievers

He does not like

لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ

the wrongdoers

He does not like

بَشِّرِ الصَّابِرِينَ

those who are patient

Give good news



We will translate verb and subject together

Q. Translate into Arabic: "Allah will soon reward the grateful ones"

A. سَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرُونَ

B. سَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ

C. يَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرُونَ

D. جَزَى اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ

Q. Translate into Arabic: "Allah will soon reward the grateful ones"

A. سَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرُونَ

B. سَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ

C. يَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرُونَ

D. جَزَى اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ

Q. **ألُ** state of Plural صَابِرٍ with **نصب**:

A. رَأَيْتُ الصَّابِرُونَ

B. رَأَيْتُ الصَّابِرِينَ

C. سَمِعْتُ مِنَ الصَّابِرِينَ

D. جَاءَ الصَّابِرِينَ

Q. **ألُ** state of Plural صَابِرٍ with **نصب**:

A. رَأَيْتُ الصَّابِرُونَ

B. رَأَيْتُ الصَّابِرِينَ

C. سَمِعْتُ مِنَ الصَّابِرِينَ

D. جَاءَ الصَّابِرِينَ

Q. Translate: لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ

A. Wrongdoers did not like

B. The wrongdoers do not like

C. He does not like wrongdoers

D. He did not like wrongdoers

Q. Translate: لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ

A. Wrongdoers did not like

B. The wrongdoers do not like

C. He does not like wrongdoers

D. He did not like wrongdoers

Q. Translate: بَشِّرِ الصَّابِرِينَ

- A. Give good news those who are patient**
- B. The patient ones gave good news**
- C. He gave good news those who are patient**
- D. They give good news those who are patient**

Q. Translate: بَشِّرِ الصَّابِرِينَ

- A. Give good news those who are patient**
- B. The patient ones gave good news
- C. He gave good news those who are patient
- D. They give good news those who are patient

Examples for Jarr state

in
Jarr state

Prepositions

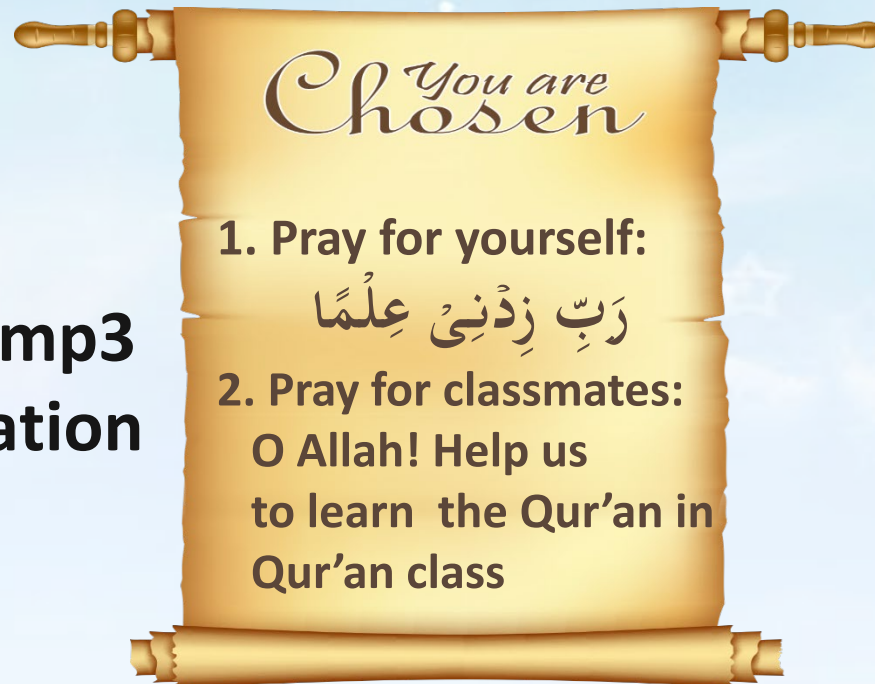
بِاللَّهِ
فِي
لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ
مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ





7 Types of Homework

- 2 on Tilawat (5 min from Mushaf; 5 min from memory)
- 2 on Study (book; Vocab pocketbook)
- Listen to 1–hour concise mp3 on word-for-word translation and grammar
- Talk about the course
- Recite different Surahs in Salah





Learn from videos!

- If you do not watch the videos continuously, then it is effective to learn that gather your 2, 3, or 10 friends and watch the video together.
- Whenever I say **عَلِّم** (teach), pause the video and practice.



Otherwise get 1 to 1 classes

- Expert teachers are available on our website.
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- Download the ppts and start teaching!

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Get teacher training

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May Allah help us to

- **Recite,**
 - **understand,**
 - **Ponder,**
 - **Implement,**
 - **propagate, &**
 - **memorize**
- the Qur'an.**

سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ
نَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ
نَسْتَغْفِرُكَ وَنَتُوبُ إِلَيْكَ

