

Rule # 5. In Arabic, the rounded taa (ة) is used for feminine nouns. For example, مُسَلِّمَةٌ If you stop at such letter, then convert it to ه and make it Sakinah.

مُسَلِّمَةٌ

← مُسَلِّمَةٌ

رَاضِيَةٌ

← رَاضِيَةٌ

هَآوِيَةٌ

← هَآوِيَةٌ

الْقَارِعَةُ

← الْقَارِعَةُ

Rule # 6. If there is an Alif Madd, Yaa-Madd, or a Waaw-Madd before the last letter, then you can stop with 2, 4, or 6 Harakaat. This generally occurs at the end of an ayah.

تُكَذِّبُنْ

← تُكَذِّبُنْ

الرَّحِيمِ

← الرَّحِيمِ

فَيَكُونُ

← فَيَكُونُ

Rule # 7. If there is a Soft-Yaa or a Soft-Waaw before the last letter, then you can stop with 2, 4, or 6 Harakaat. This generally occurs at the end of an ayah.

وَالصَّيْفِ

← وَالصَّيْفِ

خَوْفِ

← خَوْفِ